

## 2018 MASH Medal Update

No changes

GOLD 2 SILVER 0 BRONZE C

#### Reminders: "CAMM" & Events

- The CAMM subcommittee led by Mo' is being formed (Committee for Advancing Mash Medaling or CAMM)
- They will be exploring new ideas and strategies to advance MASH competition success, VOLUNTEERS WANTED!!!

Note: Bob & Mo are working on getting some materials together for CAMM.

- MIA 3 Yr. Anniversary Celebration "Libation" This Saturday Feb. 24th
- FemAle Brewfest is approaching March 24
- Sprung! Beer Fest MASH Attending

#### MASH Membership Card UPDATE



- All paid members will receive one. Will be handed out at the Coconut Cup Award's Party
- Gets you sweet discounts at many local Miami-Area businesses, with more on the way
- Opens your beer!
- PAY YOUR DUES, REAP THE REWARDS

### SLACK: Mashers! Don't forget about it, JOIN!



## Treasurer's Report

#### Account Balance as of 2/21/18

ASSETS	
Cash and Bank Accounts	
Checking	1,805.00
PayPal Account	5,305
Cash Account	362
TOTAL Cash and Bank Accounts	7,472
TOTAL ASSETS	7,472
LIABILITIES	0.00
OVERALL TOTAL	7,447

TOTAL INFLOWS	3,832
TOTAL OUTFLOWS	1,337
OVERALL TOTAL	2,494

Paid Members: 41

#### Reimbursements

- Reminder MASH will reimburse entry fees to any BJCP/AHA Competitions.
   (except Coconut Cup)
- Email receipts to: <u>miami.homebrew@gmail.com</u>

## Coconut Cup! Featuring, Dave Kirsten!



#### **COCONUT CUP**

#### **Judging Sessions**

- Sunday, 2/25 @ 10:00 a.m.
- Friday, 3/2 @ 9:00 a.m.
- Saturday, 3/3 @ 9:00 a.m. (Final Judging & Awards Ceremony)

Note: Keg competition registration due by next Thursday, March 1st. Keg's due in by Friday, latest Saturday.





## Goals

- · Treat water to remove chlorine and chloramine
- Adjust to desired pH (chemistry)
- Adjust water salts (seasoning)

## Water Sources and Treatment

#### Tap Water

- Treat for chlorine / chloramine
- Get water report to predict mash pH

### Distilled or Reverse Osmosis (RO)

- Own machine or buy water
- Blank slate Build your own

## Chlorine / Chloramine

- · Added by municipalities for safe drinking water
- · Chloramine is a more stable version of chlorine & tougher to remove

## What's Bad About Chlorine / Chloramine?

- · React to make chlorophenol off-flavors; perceived at very low levels
  - Chlorine taste threshold 17 ppm
  - Chlorophenol taste threshold less than 0.5 ppb (34,000 times lower)
- · Taste described as medicinal, Band-Aid, antiseptic
- · Background unpleasantness at low levels

# Removing Chlorine / Chloramine



Campden Tablets

1/4 crushed tablet per 5 gallons

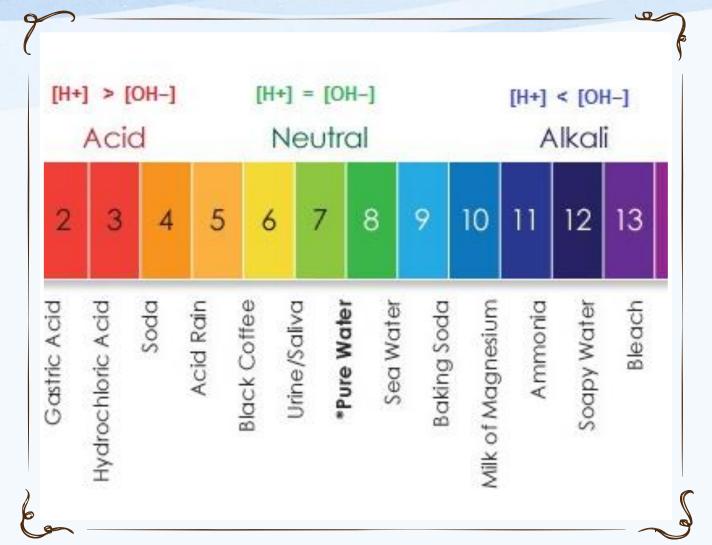
Mix with water, reacts immediately



Carbon Filtration



Distilled or RO



# pH measures acidity

- · Lower number = acid
- Higher number = basic, alkaline
- Pure water has pH of 7
- Miami-Dade water pH is about 9

# Why Does pH Matter?

• Elevated pH (insufficiently acidic = too basic) causes problems

· Target mash pH of 5.2. to 5.7

Poor Conversion

Darkening of Wort

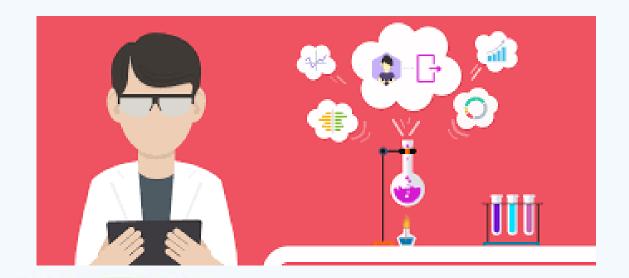
Harsh Bitterness
/ Astringency

Reduced Clarity

Less Resistance to Infection Poor Hop Extraction Rate in Boil

# Mash Chemistry

- Calcium and Magnesium ions react with malt phosphates to lower pH
- · Thus, the amount of calcium in the mash is critical for determining pH
- · Calcium aids in amylase enzyme activity



# Predicting Mash pH

- · Adjust water before mashing instead of chasing pH during mash
- Start with water report
- Calculate using available tools
  - · Spreadsheets: Bru'N Water, EZ Water
  - · Websites: Brewer's Friend Calculator



# Sample Water Report







#### Ag Testing - Consulting

Account No.: 57789 Water Analysis Report

SABATER, RUBEN

Invoice No.: 1248095 Date Received: 10/30/2017

PEMBROKE PINES

Date Received: 10/30/2017
Date Reported: 10/31/2017

Lab Number: 21711

Results For: RUBEN SABATER

Location : Sample ID :

 pH
 8.9

 Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Est, ppm
 148

 Electrical Conductivity, rmmho/cm
 0.25

 Cations / Anions, me/L
 24 / 2.2

	ppm
Sodium, Na	17
Potassium, K	3
Caldum, Ca	27
Magnesium, Mg	3
Total Hardness, CaCO <sub>3</sub>	80
Nitrate, NO3-N	0.1 (SAFE)
Sulfate, SO4-S	4
Chloride, Cl	40
Carbonate, COs	1.8
Bicarbonate, HCO <sub>3</sub>	44
Total Alkalinity, CaCOs	39
Total Phosphorus, P	0.04
Total Iron, Fe	0.04

Reviewed By: Nick Ward 11/1/2017

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Page 1 of 1

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# Mash Adjustment Goals

- · At least 40 ppm of calcium
- Target mash pH between 5.2 5.7
- Can adjust by style
  - · Higher pH in darker beers
  - Calculators/spreadsheets can guide
- · Historical water profiles are available, but beware
  - Brewers adjusted water



# Adjusting Mash Chemistry

- · Dilute alkaline/hard water with RO or distilled water
- Add calcium salts, normally CaCl2 (calcium chloride) and/or CaSO4 (gypsum)
- · Other salts: Mg (Magnesium) can work like Ca to lower pH
- Acid addition food grade
  - · phosphoric, lactic, acidulated malt
- Base addition for dark beers?
  - · Chalk (calcium carbonate), baking soda (sodium bicarbonate)

## How Water Affects Beer Flavor

- Salt additions:
  - Sulfate accentuates bitterness
  - Chloride sweetens
- · Seasoning balance: Sulfate to Chloride Ratio
  - More Sulfate = drier, more assertive hops
  - More Chloride = rounder, fuller, sweeter malt
- · Salts also impact flavor and can be added post-fermentation

## Sulfate to Chloride Ratio

- The ratio can affect the balance of the beer dryness vs. fullness
- It's not magic  $-40:10 \neq 400:100$
- Useful range is 9:1 to 0.5:1
  - Maximim suggested sulfate is 500 ppm
  - Maximum suggested chloride is 200 ppm
  - · Recommended not to exceed 100 ppm chloride for high ratios
  - · Recommended not to exceed combined sum of 500 ppm (tastes minerally)

#### Bru'n Water Martin Brungard Beer Name: Name or ID Enter data into Light Blue cell Water Profile Adjustment Calculator Hover cursor over cells w/red corner mark to display helpful information Approximate Color Calcium Sodium Sulfate Chloride **Bicarbonate** Magnesium Desired Water Profile Descriptors for Water (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) Amber Full • 50.0 5.0 15.D 55.0 65. D 35.0 Yellow: under 6 SRM. **Existing Water Profile** Amber: 7 to 17 SRM 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Dilution Water Profile Brown: 18 to 30 SRM RO Water ▼ | 10 0.0 8.0 4 (1 16.0 Black: over 31 SRM. pVgal These conversions are provided for your convenience. Percent Dilution Water 0.0 ozigali 0.0 Diluted Water Profile 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0Target Finished Water Adjustment (ppm) 50.0 5.0 15.0 55.0 65.0 35.0 Finished 0.0 -92.3 Actual Finished Water Adjustment (ppm) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 90,401 Mashing Water Profile 0.0 -92.30.0 0.0 0.0 Ratio Overall Finished Water Profile 0.0 Ratio may not be valid 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 NA. Total Water Additions Total Batch This pH value is NOT VALID until the grain information is properly entered for the beer on the Volume Estimated Mash pH 5.41 Mash Sparge Grain Bill Input sheet. Water Water Water 4.00 4.00 6.00 Volume Volume Volume Water Additions (gal) (gal) [gal] Calcium CHloride Total Mineral Total Mineral Addition Magnesium Sodium Sulfate **Bicarbonate** Minerals Additions (grams) Additions (grams) [gram/gal] (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) Gypsum (CaSO₄ x 2H₂O). 0.00 0.0 0.00 0.00 0.0 Anhydrous What form of C 0.00 Calcium Chloride (CaCl<sub>s</sub>). 0.000.0 0.0 0.00 Epsom Salt (MaSO<sub>4</sub>x 7H<sub>2</sub>O). Liquid CaClas 0.000.0 0.0 0.00 0.00 10.0 Magnesium Chloride (MgCl<sub>s</sub> x 6H<sub>s</sub>D) 0.00 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.00 Liquid CaCl<sub>2</sub> Soluti 0.00 0.0 0.00 0.00 Canning Salt (Na□l) Add Sparging Not Recommended Baking Soda (NaHDO<sub>3</sub>). 0.000.0 0.00.00 No additions to the

Sulfate:

Dhloride.

0.0

0.0

**Ei carbonate** 

0.00

0.00

Chalk (CaCO<sub>3</sub>)

A side

Pickling Lime (Ca(OH)₃).

0.00

0.00

Addition

0.0

0.0

Not Recommended

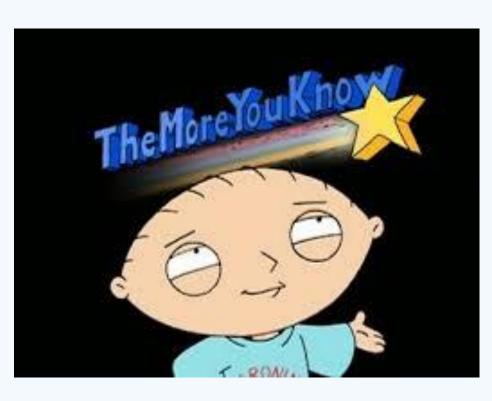
Not Recommended

No

No

Add Hardness Add CaSD<sub>4</sub> & 1

& Lime in Spar









# **BoTY Competition**

Strong European Beers (9A,B,C)

1st Place
Geoffrey Shideler, Baltic Porter

**2**<sup>nd</sup> **Place**David Kirsten, Baltic Porter

**3<sup>rd</sup> Place**Gabriel Velez, Dopplebock

**Looking ahead** 

March: Fruit Beer (29A, 29B, 29C)

April: American Porter and Stout (20A, 20B, 20C)